

SAFETY DATA SHEET

(REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2020/878)

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1. Product identifier

Product name : POLYCOUPE AEROSOL

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Lubricant.

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : GRAVOTECH MARKING SAS. Address : 56, avenue Jean Jaurès.10600.La Chapelle Saint Luc.France. Telephone : +33 (0)3 25 41 65 65. Fax : +33 (0)3 25 79 04 25. e-mail : info@gravograph.fr http://www.gravograph.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number : +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation : INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

Other emergency numbers

National Poisons Information Service of England: http://npis.org - NHS 111: dial 111 - National Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: 353 (1) 809 2166 - LUXEMBOURG : (+352) 8002 5500 - European Emergency Number Association (EENA) : 112

SECTION 2 : HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Aerosol, Category 3 (Aerosol 3, H229).

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking (EUH066).

Reproductive toxicity, Effects on or via lactation (Lact., H362).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Acute 1, H400).

Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic hazard, Category 1 (Aquatic Chronic 1, H410).

The propellant gas is not taken into account when determining the health and environmental classification of the mixture.

2.2. Label elements

Mixture for aerosol application.

In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Hazard pictograms :



Signal Word : WARNING Product identifiers : 602-095-00-X Additional labeling : Hazard statements : H229 H362 H410 EUH066

ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO

Pressurised container: May burst if heated. May cause harm to breast-fed children. Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Precautionary statements - Prevention :

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P201	Obtain special instructions before use.			
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No			
	smoking.			
P251	Do not pierce or burn, even after use.			
P260	Do not breathe spray.			
P263	Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing.			
P264	Wash hands thoroughly after handling.			
P273	Avoid release to the environment.			
Precautionary statements - R	esponse :			
P308 + P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.			
P391	Collect spillage.			
Precautionary statements - S	torage :			
P410 + P412	Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F.			
Precautionary statements - D	P412 Protect from sunlight. Do no expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. tionary statements - Disposal :			
P501	Dispose of contents/container at a disposal facility in accordance with local regulations.			

2.3. Other hazards

The mixture contains substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006. The mixture does not contain substances> = 0.1% with endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria of the Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 of the Commission or Regulation (EU) 2018/605 of the Commission.

SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2. Mixtures

Composition :

Identification	Classification (EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 64742-48-9	GHS08	Р	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 265-150-3	Dgr	[1]	
REACH: 01-2119457273-39	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
	EUH:066		
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM),			
HYDROTREATED HEAVY			
CAS: 811-97-2		[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 212-377-0		[7]	
REACH: 01-2119459374-33			
NORFLURANE			
CAS: 124-38-9		[1]	25 <= x % < 50
EC: 204-696-9			
CARBON DIOXIDE			
INDEX: 602-095-00-X	GHS09	[1]	10 <= x % < 25
CAS: 85535-85-9	Wng	[6]	
EC: 287-477-0	Lact., H362		
	Aquatic Acute 1, H400		
ALKANES, C14-17, CHLORO	M Acute = 1		
	Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
	M Chronic = 1		
	EUH:066		

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Specific concentration limits:

Identification	Specific concentration limits	ATE
CAS: 811-97-2		inhalation: ATE = 567000 mg/l
EC: 212-377-0		(dust/mist)
REACH: 01-2119459374-33		
NORFLURANE		

Information on ingredients :

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

[6] Substances of very high concern (SVHC).

[7] Propellant gas

Note P: The carcinogen or mutagen classification does not apply because the substance contains less than 0.1 % w/w of benzene (EINECS 200-753-7).

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor. NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

4.1. description of first aid measures

In the event of splashes or contact with eyes :

Wash thoroughly with fresh, clean water for 15 minutes holding the eyelids open.

In the event of splashes or contact with skin :

Remove contaminated clothing and wash the skin thoroughly with soap and water or a recognised cleaner.

Watch out for any remaining product between skin and clothing, watches, shoes, etc.

If the contaminated aera is widespread and/or there is damage to the skin, a doctor must be consulted or the patient transferred to hospital.

In the event of swallowing :

Keep the person exposed at rest. Do not force vomiting. Seek medical attention, showing the label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

SECTION 5 : FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

Keep packages near the fire cool, to prevent pressurised containers from bursting.

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire use :

- sprayed water or water mist
- foam
- multipurpose ABC powder
- BC powder
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- dry chemical agents

Unsuitable methods of extinction

In the event of a fire, do not use :

- water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- phosgene (CCl2O)

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Due to the toxicity of the gas emitted on thermal decomposition of the products, fire-fighting personnel are to be equipped with autonomous insulating breathing apparatus.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

For non first aid worker

Avoid any contact with the skin and eyes.

For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Contain and control the leaks or spills with non-combustible absorbent materials such as sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth in drums for waste disposal.

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

If the product contaminates waterways, rivers or drains, alert the relevant authorities in accordance with statutory procedures

Use drums to dispose of collected waste in compliance with current regulations (see section 13).

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No data available.

SECTION 7 : HANDLING AND STORAGE

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

Avoid exposure to pregnant women and warn women of child-bearing age of the possible risks

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Fire prevention :

Handle in well-ventilated areas.

Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

Recommended equipment and procedures :

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

Do not breathe in aerosols.

Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use.

Packages which have been opened must be reclosed carefully and stored in an upright position.

Prohibited equipment and procedures :

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

Never open the packages under pressure.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

Storage

Keep the container tightly closed in a dry, well-ventilated place.

The floor must be impermeable and form a collecting basin so that, in the event of an accidental spillage, the liquid cannot spread beyond this area.

Pressurised container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C.

Packaging

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

SECTION 8 : EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits :

- European Union (2022/431, 2019/1831, 2017/2398, 2017/164, 2009/161, 2006/15/CE, 2000/39/CE, 98/24/CE) :

CAS	VME-mg/m3 :	VME-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	Notes :
124-38-9	9000	5000	-	-	-
- ACGIH 1	FLV (American Conferer	nce of Governmenta	I Industrial Hygienists,	Threshold Limit Va	lues, 2010) :
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :
124-38-9	5000 ppm	30.000 ppm			
- German	y - AGW (BAuA - TRGS	900, 02/2022) :		1	
CAS	VME :	VME :	Excess	Notes	
811-97-2		1000 ppm		8(II)	
		4200 mg/m ³			
124-38-9		5000 ppm		2(II)	
		9100 mg/m ³			
85535-85-9		0.3 E ppm		8(II)	
		1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- ()	

6E mg/m³

- Australia ((NOHSC: 3008, 1995)	:		1		
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
811-97-2	1000 ppm 4240 mg/m3					
124-38-9	12500 ppm 22500 mg/m3	30000 ppm 54000 mg/m3		A*		
- Austria (B	GBI. II Nr. 156/2021) :	Ŭ				
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
811-97-2	1000 ppm 4200 mg/m ³	4000 ppm 16800 mg/m ³				
124-38-9	5000 ppm 9000 mg/m ³	10000 ppm 18000 mg/m ³				
- Belgium (Royal decree of 11/05/	2021) :	!			
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
124-38-9	5000 ppm 9131 mg/m ³	30000 ppm 54784 mg/m ³		A		
- France (IN	NRS - Outils 65 / 2021-		ecree of 09/12/2021) :	!		
CAS	VME-ppm :	VME-mg/m3 :	VLE-ppm :	VLE-mg/m3 :	Notes :	TMP No
124-38-9	5000	9000	-	-	-	-
- Switzerlar	nd (Suva 2021) :					
CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur plafond	Notations		
64742-48-9	50 ppm 300 mg/m ³	100 ppm 600 mg/m ³				
811-97-2	1000 ppm 4200 mg/m ³					
124-38-9	5000 ppm 9000 mg/m ³					
- UK / WEL	. (Workplace exposure	limits, EH40/2005, F	ourth Edition 2020) :			
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
811-97-2	1000 ppm 4240 mg/m ³					
124-38-9	5000 ppm 9150 mg/m³	15000 ppm 27400 mg/m ³				
- USA / OS	HA PEL (Occupational	Safety and Health A	dministration, Permiss	sible Exposure Limits	s):	
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
124-38-9	5000 ppm 9000 mg/m3					
- USA / AIH	IA WEEL (American In		ociation, Workplace E	· ·	ure Limit, 2010) :	
CAS	TWA :	STEL :	Ceiling :	Definition :	Criteria :	
811-97-2	1000 ppm					

8.2. Exposure controls

Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Pictogram(s) indicating the obligation of wearing personal protective equipment (PPE) :



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained. Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

- Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

- Hand protection

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN ISO 374-1.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question : other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required. Type of gloves recommended :

- PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol)

- Body protection

Avoid skin contact.

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Suitable type of protective clothing :

In the event of substantial spatter, wear liquid-tight protective clothing against chemical risks (type 3) in accordance with EN14605/A1 to prevent skin contact.

In the event of a risk of splashing, wear protective clothing against chemical risks (type 6) in accordance with EN13034/A1 to prevent skin contact. Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	
Physical state :	Fluid liquid.
	Spray.
Colour	
Colour:	Clear Yellow.
Odour	
Odour threshold :	Not stated.
Odour:	Characteristic.
Freezing point	
Freezing point / Freezing range :	Not stated.
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	
Boiling point/boiling range :	Not relevant.
Flammability	
Flammability (solid, gas) :	Not stated.
Lower and upper explosion limit	
Explosive properties, lower explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Explosive properties, upper explosivity limit (%) :	Not stated.
Flash point	
Flash point interval :	Not relevant.
Auto-ignition temperature	
Self-ignition temperature :	Not relevant.
Decomposition temperature	Hot rolovant.
Decomposition point/decomposition range :	Not relevant.
pH	Not recordine.
	Net stated
pH (aqueous solution) : pH :	Not stated. Not relevant.
	Not relevant.
Viscosity :	Not stated.
	Not stated.
Solubility	
Water solubility :	Insoluble.
Fat solubility :	Not stated.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water :	Not stated.
Vapour pressure	
Vapour pressure (50°C) :	Below 110 kPa (1.10 bar).
Density and/or relative density	
Density :	1.04 (20°C)
Relative vapour density	
Vapour density :	Not stated.
9.2. Other information	
No data available.	
9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes	6

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes No data available.

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Aerosols

Chemical combustion heat :

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No data available.

SECTION 10 : STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

When exposed to high temperatures, the mixture can release hazardous decomposition products, such as carbon monoxide and dioxide, fumes and nitrogen oxide.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid :

- heat

- flames and hot surfaces

10.5. Incompatible materials

Keep away from :

- strong oxidising agents

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form :

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO2)
- phosgene (CCl2O)

SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Exposure to vapours from solvents in the mixture in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on kidney, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms produced will include headaches, numbness, dizziness, fatigue, muscular asthenia and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural oil from the skin resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

Splashes in the eyes may cause irritation and reversible damage

Presents a risk on or via lactation.

11.1.1. Substances

Acute toxicity :

NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2) Inhalation route (Dusts/mist) :

LC50 = 567000 ppm Species : Rat OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

Germ cell mutagenicity :

NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2) Mutagenesis (in vivo) :

Negative. Species : Mouse OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)

Ames test (in vitro) :

Negative.

Negative.

No carcinogenic effect.

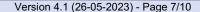
Carcinogenicity :

NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2) Carcinogenicity Test :

Reproductive toxicant :

NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2) No toxic effect for reproduction

Made under licence of European Label System, Software of INFODYNE (http://www.infodyne.fr)



< 20 kJ/g.

11.1.2. Mixture

7

No toxicological data available for the mixture.

11.2. Information on other hazards

د 🔥	SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION	
` Z	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
	The product must not be allowed to run into drains of	or waterways.
	12.1. Toxicity	
	12.1.1. Substances	
	NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2)	
	Fish toxicity :	LC50 = 450 mg/l
	·	Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss
		Duration of exposure : 96 h
		REACH Method C.1 (Acute Toxicity for Fish)
	Crustacean toxicity :	EC50 = 980 mg/l
		Species : Daphnia magna
		Duration of exposure : 48 h
		REACH Method C.2 (Acute Toxicity for Daphnia)
	Algae toxicity :	ECr50 = 142 mg/l
		Duration of exposure : 96 h
	12.1.2. Mixtures	
	No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.	
	12.2. Persistence and degradability	
	12.2.1. Substances	
	NORFLURANE (CAS: 811-97-2)	
	Biodegradability :	Non-rapidly degradable.
	12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
	No data available.	
	12.4. Mobility in soil	
	No data available.	
	12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment	
	No data available.	
	12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties	
19	No data available.	
2	12.7. Other adverse effects	
	No data available.	
	German regulations concerning the classification	of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :
-	WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.	
ę	SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS	
		container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.
	13.1. Waste treatment methods	
	Do not pour into drains or waterways.	
2	Waste :	
1		ing human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air,
	soil, plants or animals.	

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

Soiled packaging :

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container. Give to a certified disposal contractor.

N SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Transport product in compliance with provisions of the ADR for road, RID for rail, IMDG for sea and ICAO/IATA for air transport (ADR 2023 - IMDG 2020 [40-20] - ICAO/IATA 2023 [64]).

14.1. UN number or ID number

1950

14.2. UN proper shipping name

- UN1950=AEROSOLS, asphyxiant
- 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)
 - Classification :



2.2 14.4. Packing group

14.5. Environmental hazards

- Environmentally hazardous material :



14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR/RID	Class	Code	Pack gr.	Label	Ident.	LQ	Provis.	EQ	Cat.	Tunnel
	2	5A	-	2.2	-	1 L	190 327 344 625	E0	3	E
IMDG	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	LQ	EMS	Provis.	EQ	Stowage Handling	Segregati on	
	2	See SP63	-	See SP277	F-D. S-U	63 190 277 327 344 381 959	EO	- SW1 SW22	SG69	
IATA	Class	2°Label	Pack gr.	Passager	Passager	Cargo	Cargo	note	EQ	
	2.2	-	-	203	75 kg	203	150 kg	A98 A145 A167 A802	E0	
	2.2	-	-	Y203	30 kg G	-	-	A98 A145 A167 A802	E0	

For limited quantities, see part 2.7 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.4 of the ADR and IMDG. For excepted quantities, see part 2.6 of the OACI/IATA and chapter 3.5 of the ADR and IMDG.

Marine pollutant (IMDG 3.1.2.9):(alkanes, c14-17, chloro)

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

No data available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classification and labelling information included in section 2:

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2022/692 (ATP 18)

Container information:

No data available.

Restrictions applied under Title VIII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH):

The mixture does not contain any substance restricted under Annex XVII of Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH): https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach.

Explosives precursors :

The mixture does not contain any substance subject to Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors.

Particular provisions :

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV Annex I, KBws) :

WGK 2 : Hazardous for water.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16 : OTHER INFORMATION

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions. It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations. The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3 :

H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
H362	ay cause harm to breast-fed children.	
H400	/ery toxic to aquatic life.	
H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.		
EUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.	

Abbreviations and acronyms :

LC50 : The concentration of a test substance resulting in 50% lethality in a given period.

 $\mathsf{EC50}$: The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% of the maximum response.

ECr50 : The effective concentration of substance that causes 50% reduction in growth rate.

REACH : Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemical Substances.

ATE : Acute Toxicity Estimate

STEL : Short-term exposure limit

TWA : Time Weighted Averages

TMP : French Occupational Illness table

TLV : Threshold Limit Value (exposure)

AEV : Average Exposure Value.

ADR : European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG : International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA : International Air Transport Association.

ICAO : International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID : Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK : Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

GHS09 : Environment

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic.

vPvB : Very persistent, very bioaccumulable.

SVHC : Substances of very high concern.